

Abstract #2730/21: Beyond Antibodies and CAR-T: Topologically-engineered, Super-dimeric Antibody-like Molecules with Dual Fc domains for Trispecific, Bivalent Targeting of CD19, CD20, and Fc gamma Receptors

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Abstract

Background: Depletion of B cells has resulted in major therapeutic benefits in autoimmune diseases and hematological malignancies. Several FDA-approved B cell-depleting antibody-based therapies are available, including antibody-drug conjugates, T cell engagers, CAR-T cells, and antibody variants with enhanced effector functions through Fc engineering. However, a significant unmet need remains in both oncology and autoimmune disease. All currently approved B cell-depleting therapies target a single B cell antigen, increasing potential for incomplete depletion and emergence of escape mutants that give rise to relapse and treatment failure.

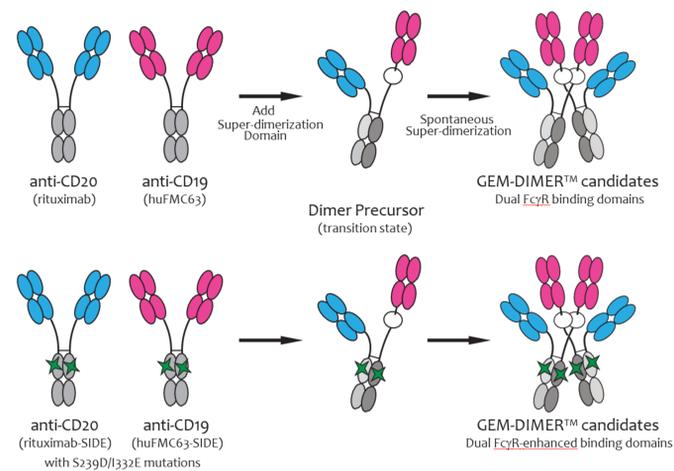
Methods: Here we describe trispecific antibody-like molecules generated using Hinge Bio's GEM-DIMER™ technology. In addition to bivalent target binding of both CD19 and CD20, our GEM-DIMER candidates are designed to have two Fc domains to enable powerful effector functions via cooperative binding of Fc gamma receptors. The approach is based on incorporation of a super-dimerization domain into the hinge region of an immunoglobulin heavy chain, enabling the combination of all of the components of two IgG antibodies into a single molecule. Using this approach, we generated GEM-DIMER candidates from rituximab and FMC63, the parental anti-CD19 antibody for anti-CD19 scFv used in approved CAR-T cell therapies.

Results: CD19/CD20-targeting GEM-DIMER molecules demonstrated binding to both CD19 and CD20 with affinities comparable to the individual parent antibodies. Importantly, CD19/CD20-targeting GEM-DIMER molecules demonstrated robust depletion of human B cells in overnight cultures of whole blood. Moreover, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) and antibody-dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP) were demonstrated in co-cultures of the human B cell lymphoma cell line Raji and human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC). As expected, due to the presence of dual Fc domains, CD19/CD20-targeting GEM-DIMER molecules exhibited enhanced binding to Fc gamma receptors, further explaining the robust effector functions observed.

Conclusions: CD19/CD20-targeting GEM-DIMER molecules are promising candidates to provide efficient depletion of both CD19+ and CD20+ cells, providing potential for broad and deep depletion of B cells with reduced risk of emergence of antigen escape variants. These data support the advancement of CD19/CD20-targeting GEM-DIMER molecules in multiple indications where depletion of CD19+ and/or CD20+ B cells is needed. Preparations for clinical investigation are ongoing.

GEM-DIMER™ Technology

Multiplying the Full Power of All Three Antibody Domains in the Form of a Single Biomolecular Therapeutic



Results →

CD19/CD20 GEM-DIMER™ Candidates (CD19/CD20 GD) Demonstrate High-affinity Binding to Both CD19 and CD20

Test Article	KD (nM)	
	CD19	CD20
Rituximab	No binding	0.24
FMC63	3.96	No Binding
CD19/CD20 GD	2.77	0.16

Legend for table: SPR capture kinetic experiments were performed on a Catterra LSA instrument. Test articles were captured on the Catterra CMDP chip using anti-human Fc. Recombinant human CD19 and CD20 (ACRO Biosystems) were diluted in three-fold dilution steps (500 nM-0.68 nM). Proteins were injected onto the CMD-P chip for 5 min during the association phase followed by HEPES buffer injection for another 5 min during the dissociation phase. The CMD-P chip was regenerated by flowing 0.425% phosphoric acid, 3 times with 1 min intervals after each round of analyte injection. The depicted results represent the average of six replicate experiments. Data were analyzed using the Catterra Kinetics Software (Catterra).

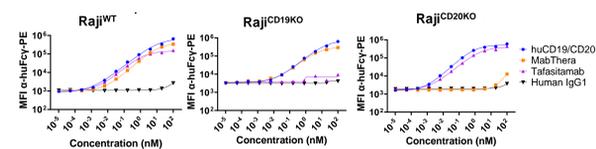


Figure legend: Cells were blocked with Fc block (FcX, Biologend) and 1µg/mL Anti-human IgG. Fcy specific Fab (Jax immunoresearch), washed and incubated with test articles for 30 minutes on ice (MabThera; Roche; tafasitamab; research-grade biosimilar). Cells were stained with Live/Dead-NIR (ThermoFisher) and PE- anti human IgG. Fcy specific polyclonal antibody (Jax immunoresearch) for 30 minutes on ice, washed, fixed with 1% PFA and analyzed on NovoCyte (Agilent) flow cytometer. Data were analyzed in FlowJo for Median Fluorescent Intensity in PE channel and triplicate Median ± SD were graphed in Prism with 4PL regression curve.

CD19/CD20 GEM-DIMER™ Candidates Demonstrate Potent Human B Cell Depletion and NK Cell Activation

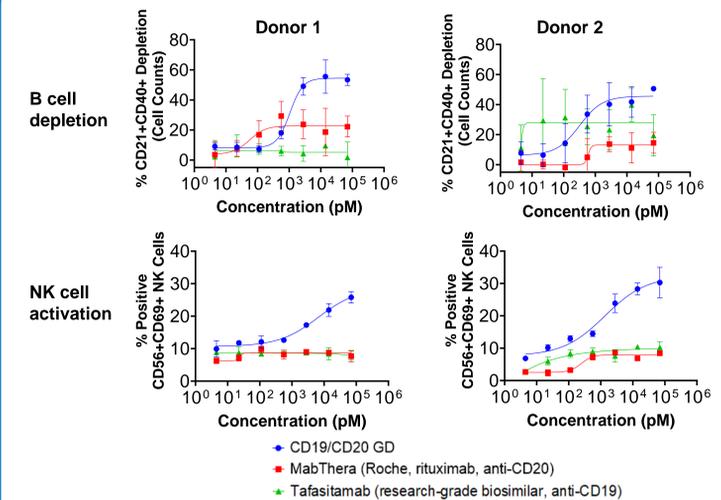


Figure Legend: Human whole blood (n = 2) was collected in sodium heparin and treated overnight at 37°C with gentle shaking in the presence of test articles. Whole blood was then stained with an antibody cocktail to detect B- and NK- from T-lymphocytes before erythrocyte lysis. Harvested cells were immediately analyzed on a flow cytometer. Percent depletion is defined as: 100 x (1-sample CD21+CD40+ cell counts/no Ab CD21+CD40+ cell counts). Data were analyzed in FlowJo and triplicate mean ± SD were graphed in Prism.

GEM-DIMER™ Candidates Demonstrate Potent ADCC Activity

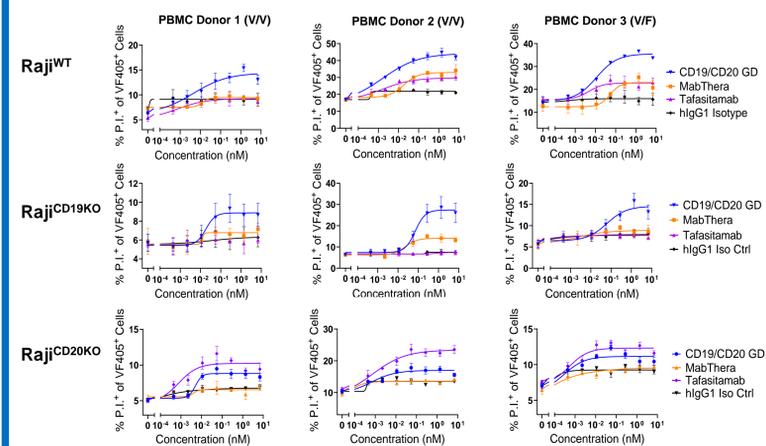


Figure legend: Target cells were labeled with ViaFluor 405 (VF405) and incubated with test articles for 15 min at 37°C, followed by incubation with human PBMC (25:1 E:T ratio) for 4h at 37°C. Cells were washed and stained with propidium iodide (P.I.) and analyzed by flow cytometry. Cytotoxicity was expressed as the percent of VF405+ cells positive for P.I. Data were fit to a four-parameter nonlinear regression curve. Mean ± SD is shown (CD19/CD20 GD n=6 replicate cultures; MabThera n=3; tafasitamab n=3; isotype IgG1 control n=6). Final compound concentrations are indicated.

GEM-DIMER™ Candidates Demonstrate Potent ADCP Activity

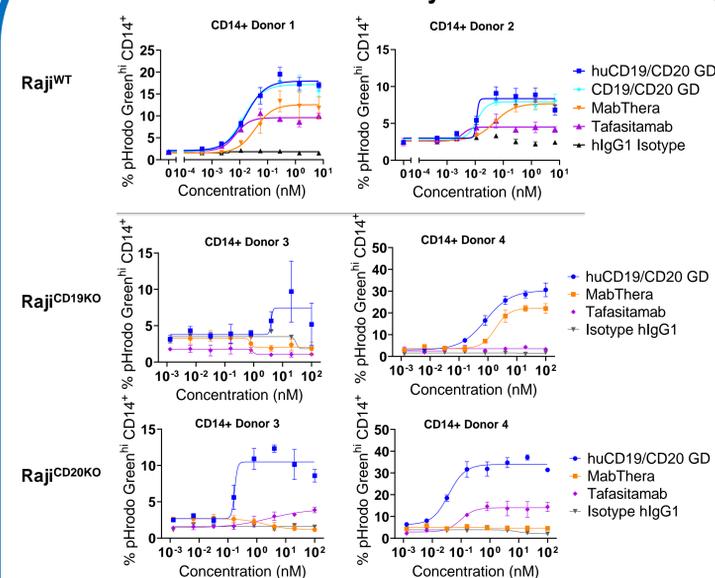
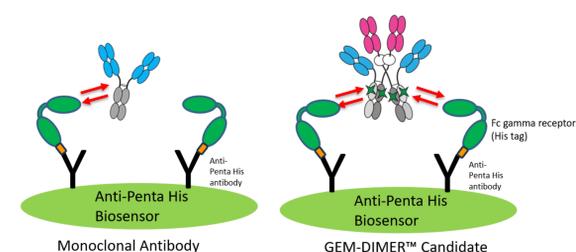


Figure legend: pHrodo Green labeled target cells were plated in RPMI with addition of test article in triplicate for 10 minutes prior to the addition of CellTraceViolet labeled, M-CSF differentiated, CD14+ primary human M2 macrophages as effectors cells in a 1:2 ratio. Cells were then co-cultured for 2 hours at 37°C. CD19KO and CD20KO cultures were performed in the presence of physiological concentration of hulgG (10 mg/mL). Uptake was measured as the percentage of CTV+ macrophages that are pHrodo Green+ by Flow cytometry (Novocyt). Data were analyzed in FlowJo with Mean ± SD and 4 PL curve fit graphed in Prism vs final compound concentration.

GEM-DIMER™ Candidates Demonstrate Potent Binding to Fc gamma Receptors

Sample ID	CD16a 158F		CD16a 158V		CD16b		CD32a167H		CD32a 167R		CD32 b/c	
	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.	Kd (nM)	Fold Diff.
Rituximab	304.5	1.0	267.2	1.0	1252.6	1.0	583.5	1.0	496.7	1.0	1008.4	1.0
Rituximab-SIDE	28.6	10.6	13.4	20.0	54.2	23.1	140.7	4.1	147.4	3.4	162.7	6.2
HuFMC63	186.2	1.6	202.5	1.3	405.2	3.1	446.7	1.3	441.5	1.1	343.3	2.9
HuFMC63-SIDE	24.8	12.3	14.8	18.0	51.0	24.6	107.8	5.4	NA	NA	132.3	7.6
huCD19/CD20GD (w/o SIDE)	15.9	19.2	7.1	37.7	29.2	42.8	17.2	33.9	18.2	27.3	29.0	34.8
huCD19/CD20 GD	4.0	75.9	3.4	77.8	6.6	189.5	15.1	38.6	8.9	56.1	13.6	74.3

Legend for table: Kinetic binding analysis of test articles to Fc gamma receptors was performed using an Octet Red384 (Sartorius) system with 384-well plates. All steps were performed at 26°C. Polyhistidine-tagged Fc gamma receptor ectodomains (R&D Systems) were captured on Anti-Penta-His biosensors (Sartorius) in PBS-B (PBS with 1 mg/mL BSA, pH 7.4). After washing with PBS-B, the biosensors with captured Fc gamma receptors were incubated with varying concentrations of testing articles for 15 seconds followed by a 60 second dissociation period in PBS-B. Biosensors were regenerated by stripping with 0.425% phosphoric acid at the end of each cycle. Data analysis was conducted using a standard 1:1 binding model. NA = not available



Summary & Conclusions

Summary of Results

- ✓ CD19/CD20 GEM-DIMER candidates resulted in robust depletion of human B cells and activation of NK cells in cultures of human whole blood
- ✓ GEM-DIMER candidates demonstrated enhanced binding to Fc gamma receptors relative to parental antibodies
- ✓ Potent ADCC activity on human B cell lymphoma cell line Raji was observed, whether wild-type Raji or variant cell lines lacking CD19 or CD20
- ✓ Potent phagocytosis of human B cell lymphoma cell line Raji was observed, whether wild-type Raji or variant cell lines lacking CD19 or CD20

Conclusions

- ✓ Efficient depletion of both CD19+ and CD20+ cells provides potential for broad and deep depletion of B cells with reduced risk of emergence of antigen escape variants
- ✓ CD19/CD20 GEM-DIMER candidates are advancing in preclinical development with significant potential in both oncology and autoimmunity